

## **BNZ Materials, Inc.**

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

## Section 1.

Section 1.		Identificatio	n
GHS product identifier:		Blazelite <sup>®</sup> 2000-G	
Other means Of identification:		None	
Product type:		Castable refractory gunning mix	
SDS No.:		BNZ-30-201	
Relevant identified use	es of the	e substance or mixture and uses advised against:	
<b>Identified uses</b>	:	Castables/gunning mix	
Uses advised a	gainst:		
Supplier:		BNZ Materials, Inc. 6901 S. Pierce St., Suite 260 Littleton, CO 80128	-
		Technical Support: 800-955-8650 www.bnzmaterials.com	
Emergency telephone Number:		TREC - 800-424-9300 or 703-741-5970 (Outside USA and Canada – calls accepted). 24 Hour service.	
Section 2.		Hazards Identification	1
OSHA/HCS status :	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).		
<b>Classification of the</b> <b>substance or mixture:</b> Category 1		INOGENICITY - Category 1A FIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (STOT) REPEATED EXPOSURE –	
	Percen	tage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 0%	
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms:			
Signal word:	Danger		
Hazard statements:	azard statements: If dust is present: Causes damage to lungs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause cancer.		

#### **Precautionary statements**

<b>Prevention:</b>	If dust is preser	nt:
<b>Frevenuon</b> :	II UUSI IS presei	11:

	P- to the test of test
	P201: Obtain special instructions before use.
	P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
	P260: Do not breathe dust.
	P264: Wash thoroughly after handling.
	P270: Do not eat, drink, or smoke while using this product.
	P280: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection
Response:	P308+P313: If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Storage:	P405: Store locked up.
Disposal:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental Label	None

#### Hazards not otherwise Classified None known

Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredien
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Substance or mixture: Mixture

<b>Other means of:</b>	None
identification	

### **CAS number/other identifiers CAS number :** Mixture

Product code :	None

Ingredient name	CAS number	%
Calcium aluminate cement	65997-16-2	10 - 40
Clay	1332-58-7	5 – 15
Amorphous silica (fused silica)	60676-86-0	6 – 12
Milled aggregate (mullite, anorthite)	Proprietary	0 - 50
Calcined kaolin clay	1302-93-8	0 - 40
Aluminum Oxide	1344-28-1	0 - 20
Perlite	93763-70-3	0-3
Product dust contains:		
Crystalline Silica (cristobalite)	14464-46-1	<6
Crystalline Silica (quartz)	14808-60-7	< 15

Any concentration shown as a range it to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

## Blazelite<sup>®</sup> 2000-G SDS No.: BNZ-30-201

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4.	First Aid Measures
	sary first aid measures
Inhalation:	Remove victim to fresh air. Drink plenty of water and blow nose to evacuate remaining dust. If coughing or irritation persist seek medical attention.
Eye contact:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Rinse for at least 15 minutes. If irritation persists seek medical attention.
Skin contact:	Gently wash with plenty of soap and water after each exposure. If skin becomes irritated and irritation persists seek medical attention.
Ingestion	If prolonged irritation to gastrointestinal tract or mouth persist seek medical attention.
	ptoms/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute heal	th effects
<b>Inhalation :</b>	Respirable airborne particles may cause temporary irritation to the lungs and
	upper respiratory system.
Skin contact:	Prolonged exposure may cause dryness or irritation to the skin.
Eye contact:	Will cause mechanical irritation to the eyes. May cause moderate to severe eye irritation and dryness.
<b>Ingestion:</b>	May cause irritation to gastrointestinal tract or mouth.
Over-exposure signs	s/symptoms
Inhalation:	Adverse symptoms may include the following:
Eye contact:	Irritation, shortness of breath, chest pain Adverse symptoms may include the following: Irritation Dryness
Skin contact:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: Irritation Dryness
Ingestion:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: Irritation Stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician:	Medical conditions which may be aggravated by exposure include dry skin, dermatitis, and pre-existing lung conditions such as bronchitis, emphysema, and asthma. Cigarette smoking may increase the risk of silicosis, bronchitis, pneumoconiosis, and lung cancer in persons exposed to crystalline silica.
Specific treatments:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training Wear a suitable NIOSH-approved dust mask. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Section 5.	Firefighting Measures
Section et	

Specific hazards arisingfrom the chemical:None known other than those represented elsewhere in this SDS.		
Hazardous thermal decomposition produc	<ul> <li>Decomposition products may include the following materials:</li> <li>Clays</li> <li>Crystalline Silica</li> </ul>	
Special protective acti for firefighters	ons Material will not burn. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fig	No special firefighting equipment is necessary. <b>hters</b> Firefighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self- contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	

## Section 6.

Accidental Release Measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency	
Personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
	Evacuate surrounding areas.
	Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering.
	Do not touch or walk through spilled material.
	Provide adequate ventilation.
	Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.
	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency	
responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental	
precautions	Avoid dispersion of material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
	This material does not pose a significant threat to the environment
Methods and mater	rials for containment and cleaning up
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Wet down dust and debris with a fine water spray to minimize dust Pick up, shovel, or sweep material into waste disposal container. Any sweeper or vacuum should be equipped with High Efficiency Particulate (HEPA) filter. Dispose of using a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	<ul> <li>Stop leak if without risk.</li> <li>Move containers from spill area.</li> <li>Wet down dust and debris with a fine water spray to minimize dust</li> <li>Pick up, shovel, or sweep material into waste disposal container.</li> <li>Any sweeper or vacuum should be equipped with High Efficiency Particulate (HEPA) filter.</li> <li>Dispose of using a licensed waste disposal contractor.</li> <li>Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.</li> </ul>

## Section 7.

Handling and Storage

**Protective measures for safe handling** 

Protective Measures:	Minimize dust generation during cutting, milling, or grinding. Use appropriate respiratory protection if dust is present above the established exposure limits.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. During initial exposure to service temperatures, smoke may be emitted which can cause transitory irritation to the lungs and upper respiratory system.

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink.

## Section 8.

## **Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

**Control parameters** 

**Occupational exposure limits:** 

US Occupational Safety and Health Administration Permissible Exposure Limit (OSHA PEL):

Irritant (Nuisance) Dust (all components except crystalline and amorphous sil	ica): $5 \text{ mg/m}^3$
Amorphous Silica	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Crystalline Silica Permissible Ex Action Level	posure Limit $50 \ \mu g/m^3$ $25 \ \mu g/m^3$

(See 29 CFR 1910.1053, effective June 23, 2018. Regulation contains additional requirements, including written exposure plan, medical exams, training, and recordkeeping.)

(See 29 CFR 1910.1000 Table Z-3)

American Conference of Governmental and Industrial Hygienists Threshold Limit Value (ACGIH TLV<sup>®</sup>):

Calcium aluminate cement	$3 \text{ mg/m}^3$
Clay	$2 \text{ mg/m}^3$
Amorphous silica (fused silica)	$0.1 \text{ mg/m}^3$
Milled aggregate (mullite, anorthite)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Calcined kaolin clay	$2 \text{ mg/m}^3$
Aluminum oxide	$1 \text{ mg/m}^3$
Perlite	$3 \text{ mg/m}^3$
Calcined kaolin	$2 \text{ mg/m}^3$
Calcium aluminate cement	$3 \text{ mg/m}^3$

Amorphous silica (fused silica)	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Clay	$3 \text{ mg/m}^3$
Crystalline Silica	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

*Note: TLV*<sup>®</sup> *and PEL values are for eight hour exposures, unless noted.* 

Appropriate Engineering controls:	If user operations generate dust, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. Power equipment should be fitted with a properly designed dust collection device.		
Environmental Exposure controls:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
Individual protection measures			
Hygiene Measures:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.		
Skin Protection			
<b>Respiratory Protection:</b>	Wear a NIOSH-approved dust mask to limit exposure to product dust. Higher dust levels may require use of a half or full mask respirator with dust filters. Use local exhaust if necessary to lower dust levels. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.		
Eye/Face Protection:	Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles complying with an approved standard to avoid exposure to dust.		
Hand Protection:	Protective gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers.		

In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body Protection:** Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product

Other Skin Protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### Section 9.

## **Physical and Chemical Properties**

Appearance	
Physical State	Granular powder
Color	Off-white to gray
Odor	None
Odor Threshold	Not Applicable
рН	Not Applicable
Melting Point	>2000 °F (1093 °C)
Boiling Point	N/A
Flash Point	None
Burning Time	Not applicable
Specific Gravity	0.9 - 2.4
Burning Rate	Not applicable
Evaporation Rate	0 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable
Lower Explosive (flammable) Limit	Not available
Upper Explosive (flammable) Limit	Not available
Vapor Pressure	Not applicable
Vapor Density	Not applicable
<b>Relative Density</b>	Not available
Solubility	Not available
Solubility in Water	Slight
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available
Auto-ignition Temperature	Not available
<b>Decomposition Temperature</b>	Not available
SADT	Not available
Viscosity	Not available

## **Stability and Reactivity**

**Reactivity:** 

Section 10.

This product is normally not reactive.

**Chemical stability:** The product is stable under normal conditions of use.

**Possibility of** 

## Blazelite<sup>®</sup> 2000-G SDS No.: BNZ-30-201

Hazardous Reactions:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to Avoid:	Avoid strong acids and ammonium salts. Contact with strong oxidizing agents (such as fluorine, chlorine trifluroride) may present a fire hazard.
Incompatible Materials:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: Hydrofluoric acid, fluorine, chlorine trifluoride, oxygen difluoride

Hazardous Decomposi	tion
Products	Crystalline silica will dissolve in hydrofluoric acid and produce silicon tetrafluoride, a corrosive gas.

## Section 11. Toxicological Information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
None Known				

Irritation/Corrosion: Not available

Sensitization Not available
Not ovoilable

Mutagenicity Not available

Carcinogenicity: Not available

Reproductive toxicity Not available

**Teratogenicity** Not available

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Not available

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Not available

Aspiration hazard Not available

#### **Information on the likely**

**routes of exposure** Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

### **Potential acute health effects**

Inhalation :	Respirable airborne particles may cause temporary irritation to the lungs and upper respiratory system.
Skin contact:	Prolonged exposure may cause dryness or irritation to the skin.
Eye contact:	Will cause mechanical irritation to the eyes. May cause moderate to severe eye irritation and dryness.
Ingestion:	May cause irritation to gastrointestinal tract or mouth.
Symptoms related to t	he physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: Irritation
Eye contact:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: Irritation Dryness
Skin contact:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: Irritation Dryness
Ingestion:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: Irritation Stomach pains
<b>Delayed and immediat</b>	te effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects :	Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects :	Not available.
Potential chronic heals effects:	th Not available

General:	No other known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Carcinogenicity:	Crystalline silica – long term overexposure may cause permanent and irreversible lung damage, including silicosis, and increase the risk of lung cancer, kidney, and liver damage. Silicosis is a rapidly progressive, non-cancerous lung disease that is often fatal.		
IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)014808-60-7 Silica dust, crystalline, in the form of quartz or cristobalite - Group 1 (Sup 7, 68,100C, 201			
	ology Program Silica, ( on Carcinogens	Crystalline (Respirable Size) - Known To Be Human Carcinogen	
OSHA:	Crystalline Silica classified as a Category 1A Carcinogen		
Mutagenicity: Teratogenicity: Developmental: Fertility effects:	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.		

Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological Information

Disposar includus.	Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.
Disposal methods:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.
Section 13.	Disposal Considerations
Other adverse effects:	Most of the ingredients in this product are naturally occurring minerals, and, unless contaminated in service, are not hazardous to the environment.
Soil/water partition coefficient (K <sub>OC</sub> ):	Not available
Mobility in soil	
<b>Bioaccumulative</b> <b>Potential:</b>	Not available.
Persistence and Degradability:	Not available.
<b>Toxicity</b>	Not available.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14.	Transport Information			
	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN Number	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated

#### **Special precautions for user:**

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage

### Section 15.

## **Regulatory Information**

#### **U.S. Federal regulations**

**TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption**: Not applicable **United States inventory (TSCA 8b)**: All components are listed.

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs): Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances: Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals** (**Precursor Chemicals**): Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals** (Essential Chemicals): Not listed

SARA 302/304 Composition/information on ingredients:

No components are listed.

SARA 304 RQ: Not applicable.

### SARA 311/312

**Classification :** 

Name	Immediate (acute) Health Hazard	Delayed (chronic) Health Hazard	Fire Hazard	Reactivity Hazard	Sudden Release of Pressure
Blazelite <sup>®</sup> 2000-G	Yes	Yes	No	No	No

#### Section 313 listed: No Listed material/compound: Not Applicable

#### **State regulations**

New York:	Crystalline Silica
New Jersey:	Crystalline Silica
Pennsylvania:	Crystalline Silica
Massachusetts:	Crystalline Silica
Rhode Island:	Crystalline Silica
California Prop. 65:	This product contains the following substances known to the State of California to
	cause cancer: Crystalline silica

#### International Lists

DSL (Canada)

All ingredients are listed, or exempt from inclusion, on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL).

WHMIS 2015 (Can	ada): See	Section 2.
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Australia inventory (AICS):	Not determined.
China inventory (IECSC):	Not determined.
Japan inventory:	Not determined.
Korea inventory:	Not determined.
Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register):	Not determined.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):	Not determined.
Philippines inventory (PICCS):	Not determined.
Taiwan inventory (CSNN):	Not determined.

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals: Not listed Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals: Not listed Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals: Not listed

## Section 16.

**Other Information** 

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

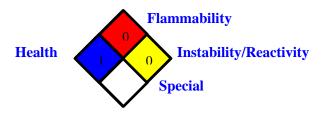
DSCL (Europe):R48/20: Harmful – Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure<br/>through inhalation.<br/>R36: Irritating to the eyes<br/>R39: Danger of serious irreversible side effects.<br/>R45: May cause cancer.



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)** 



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

<u>DISCLAIMER</u> – BNZ Materials, Inc., (BNZ) believes the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) to be accurate and reliable as of the date of issue, and is provided in good faith as a service to our customers and to comply with applicable laws. This document is intended as a guide for the safe handling, storage, and use of this material under normal conditions of use. No representation, warranty, or guarantee, either express or implied, is intended or given. BNZ does not accept any liability for any loss, injury, or damage resulting from the use of this product.

#### **History**

Date of issue/Date of revision: Date of previous issue: Changes : Prepared by: August 1, 2022 November 7, 2018 Routine review and update; no significant changes T Square Associates, Inc. www.tsquare.us