



**BNZ Materials, Inc.**

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

## **Section 1.**

## **Identification**

**GHS product identifier:** Marinite® CF

**Other means  
Of identification:** None

**Product type:** Calcium Silicate Board

**SDS No.:** BNZ-20-306

### **Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:**

**Identified uses:** Industrial heat processing and fire protection

**Uses advised against:** None known

---

**Supplier:** BNZ Materials, Inc.  
6901 S. Pierce St., Suite 260  
Littleton, CO 80128

**Technical Support:** 800-955-8650  
[www.bnzmaterals.com](http://www.bnzmaterals.com)

**Emergency telephone  
Number:** CHEMTREC - 800-424-9300 or 703-741-5970 (Outside USA and Canada – collect calls accepted). 24 Hour service.

## **Section 2.**

## **Hazards Identification**

**OSHA/HCS status :** This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

**Classification of the  
substance or mixture:** CARCINGENICITY - Category 1A  
Skin Irritant – Category 2  
Eye Irritant – Category 2B  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 0%

### **GHS label elements**

#### **Hazard pictograms :**



**Signal word :** Danger

**Hazard statements :** May cause cancer.

**Precautionary statements**

- Prevention :** Obtain special instructions before use.  
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection  
Wash thoroughly after handling.  
Wear protective gloves  
Wear eye / face protection.
- Response :** If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.  
If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.  
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.  
Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.  
If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
- Storage :** Store locked up.
- Disposal :** Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Supplementary Information** Use precautions if exposure exceeds the established OSHA limits.  
This material does not present a hazard unless dust is generated from processing operations.
- Hazards not otherwise Classified** None known

<b>Section 3.</b>	<b>Composition/Information on Ingredients</b>
-------------------	---

**Substance or mixture:** Mixture

**Other means of:** None  
**identification**

**CAS number/other identifiers**

**CAS number :** Mixture  
**Product code :** None

<b>Ingredient name</b>	<b>CAS number</b>	<b>%</b>
Calcium Silicate	1344-95-2	60 – 75
Non-Hazardous Ingredients	Proprietary	Balance
Crystalline Silica (quartz)	14808-60-7	0.1 – 2

Any concentration shown as a range it to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## **Section 4.**

## **First Aid Measures**

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Inhalation:** Remove victim to fresh air.  
Drink plenty of water and blow nose to evacuate remaining dust.  
If coughing or irritation persist seek medical attention.
- Eye contact:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids.  
Check for and remove any contact lenses.  
Rinse for at least 15 minutes.  
If irritation persists seek medical attention.
- Skin contact:** Gently wash with plenty of soap and water after each exposure.  
If skin becomes irritated and irritation persists seek medical attention.
- Ingestion** If prolonged irritation to gastrointestinal tract or mouth persist seek medical attention.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Inhalation :** Respirable airborne particles may cause temporary irritation to the lungs and upper respiratory system.
- Skin contact:** Prolonged exposure may cause dryness or irritation to the skin.
- Eye contact:** Will cause mechanical irritation to the eyes. May cause moderate to severe eye irritation and dryness.
- Ingestion:** May cause irritation to gastrointestinal tract or mouth.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Inhalation:** Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
Irritation, shortness of breath, chest pain
- Eye contact:** Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
Irritation  
Dryness
- Skin contact:** Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
Irritation  
Dryness
- Ingestion:** Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
Irritation  
Stomach pains

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician:** Medical conditions which may be aggravated by exposure include dry skin, dermatitis, and pre-existing lung conditions such as bronchitis, emphysema, and

asthma. Cigarette smoking may increase the risk of silicosis, bronchitis, pneumoconiosis, and lung cancer in persons exposed to crystalline silica.

**Specific treatments:** No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders:** No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training  
Wear a suitable NIOSH-approved dust mask.  
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

## **Section 5.**

## **Firefighting Measures**

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical:** None known other than those represented elsewhere in this SDS.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** Decomposition products may include the following materials:

- Calcium Silicates
- Crystalline Silica

**Special protective actions for firefighters** Material will not burn.  
Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire.  
No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.  
No special firefighting equipment is necessary.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** Firefighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## **Section 6.**

## **Accidental Release Measures**

### **Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

**For non-emergency Personnel** No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.  
Evacuate surrounding areas.  
Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering.  
Do not touch or walk through spilled material.  
Provide adequate ventilation.  
Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.  
Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency**

**responders**

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions**

Avoid dispersion of material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.  
This material does not pose a significant threat to the environment

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

**Small spill**

Stop source of spill .  
Avoid creating airborne dust  
Use dust suppressant as necessary  
Place material into closed waste disposal container.  
Any sweeper or vacuum should be equipped with High Efficiency Particulate (HEPA) filter.  
Dispose of using a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill**

Stop source of spill.  
Avoid creating airborne dust  
Use dust suppressant as necessary  
Place material into closed waste disposal container.  
  
Any sweeper or vacuum should be equipped with High Efficiency Particulate (HEPA) filter.  
Dispose of using a licensed waste disposal contractor.  
Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

**Section 7.**

**Handling and Storage**

**Protective measures for safe handling**

**Protective Measures:** Calcium silicate boards do not present a hazard in their intact state.  
Minimize dust generation during cutting, milling, or grinding.  
Use appropriate respiratory protection if dust is present above the established exposure limits.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene**

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.  
Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking.  
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.  
During initial exposure to service temperatures, smoke may be emitted which can cause transitory irritation to the lungs and upper respiratory system.

Conditions for safe storage,  
including any  
incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.  
Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink.

<b>Section 8.</b>	<b>Exposure Controls/Personal Protection</b>
-------------------	--

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits:

US Occupational Safety and Health Administration Permissible Exposure Limit (OSHA PEL):

Irritant (Nuisance) Dust (all components except crystalline silica):	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Crystalline Silica (Respirable)	$\frac{10 \text{ mg/m}^3}{\% \text{SiO}_2 + 2}$
Crystalline Silica (Total Dust)	$\frac{30 \text{ mg/m}^3}{\% \text{SiO}_2 + 2}$

(See 29 CFR 1910.1000 Table Z-3)

American Conference of Governmental and Industrial Hygienists Threshold Limit Value (ACGIH TLV®):

Calcium silicate	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Crystalline Silica	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

*Note: TLV® and PEL values are for eight hour exposures, unless noted.*

**Appropriate**

**Engineering controls:** If user operations generate dust, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.  
Power equipment should be fitted with a properly designed dust collection device.

**Environmental**

**Exposure controls:** Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

**Hygiene Measures:** Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.  
Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.  
Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.  
Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Skin Protection

**Respiratory Protection:** Wear a NIOSH-approved dust mask to limit exposure to product dust.  
Higher dust levels may require use of a half or full mask respirator with dust filters.  
Use local exhaust if necessary to lower dust levels.  
Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

**Eye/Face Protection:** Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles complying with an approved standard to avoid exposure to dust.

**Hand Protection:** Protective gloves should be worn when handling and to avoid abrasion or drying of skin.

**Body Protection:** Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved.

**Other Skin Protection:** Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved.

## **Section 9.**

## **Physical and Chemical Properties**

<u>Appearance</u>	
<b>Physical State</b>	Solid board
<b>Color</b>	Gray
<b>Odor</b>	None
<b>Odor Threshold</b>	Not Applicable
<b>pH</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Melting Point</b>	> 2300 °F (1260 °C)
<b>Boiling Point</b>	N/A
<b>Flash Point</b>	None
<b>Burning Time</b>	Not applicable
<b>Specific Gravity</b>	0.7 – 1.2
<b>Burning Rate</b>	Not applicable
<b>Evaporation Rate</b>	0 (butyl acetate = 1)
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not applicable
<b>Lower Explosive (flammable) Limit</b>	Not available
<b>Upper Explosive (flammable) Limit</b>	Not available

Vapor Pressure	Not applicable
Vapor Density	Not applicable
Relative Density	Not available
Solubility	Not available
Solubility in Water	Slight
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available
Auto-ignition Temperature	Not available
Decomposition Temperature	Not available
SADT	Not available
Viscosity	Not available

## Section 10.

## Stability and Reactivity

**Reactivity:** This product is normally not reactive.

**Chemical stability:** The product is stable under normal conditions of use.

### Possibility of

**Hazardous Reactions:** Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.  
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Avoid strong acids and ammonium salts. Contact with strong oxidizing agents (such as fluorine, chlorine trifluoride) may present a fire hazard.

### Incompatible

**Materials:** Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:  
Hydrofluoric acid, fluorine, chlorine trifluoride, oxygen difluoride

### Hazardous Decomposition

**Products** Crystalline silica will dissolve in hydrofluoric acid and produce silicon tetrafluoride, a corrosive gas.

## Section 11.

## Toxicological Information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
None Known	--	--	--	--
	--	--	--	--

**Irritation/Corrosion:** Not available

**Sensitization** Not available



**Mutagenicity** Not available

**Carcinogenicity:** Not available

**Reproductive toxicity** Not available

**Teratogenicity** Not available

**Specific target organ toxicity  
(single exposure)** Not available

**Specific target organ toxicity  
(repeated exposure)** This material contains Crystalline Silica, which is known to cause silicosis. Silicosis is a rapidly progressive, non-cancerous lung disease that is often fatal.

**Aspiration hazard** Not available

**Information on the likely  
routes of exposure** Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

**Potential acute health effects**

**Inhalation :** Respirable airborne particles may cause temporary irritation to the lungs and upper respiratory system.

**Skin contact:** Prolonged exposure may cause dryness or irritation to the skin.

**Eye contact:** Will cause mechanical irritation to the eyes. May cause moderate to severe eye irritation and dryness.

**Ingestion:** May cause irritation to gastrointestinal tract or mouth.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

**Inhalation:** Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
Irritation

**Eye contact:** Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
Irritation  
Dryness

**Skin contact:** Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
Irritation  
Dryness

**Ingestion:** Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
Irritation  
Stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects:** Not available.

**Potential delayed effects :** Not available.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects:** Not available.

**Potential delayed effects :** Not available.

**Potential chronic health effects:** Not available

**General:** No other known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Carcinogenicity:** Crystalline silica – long term overexposure may cause permanent and irreversible lung damage, including silicosis, and increase the risk of lung cancer, kidney, and liver damage. Silicosis is a rapidly progressive, non-cancerous lung disease that is often fatal.

**IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)** 014808-60-7 Silica dust, crystalline, in the form of quartz or cristobalite - Group 1 (Sup 7, 68,100C, 2012)

**National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens** Silica, Crystalline (Respirable Size) - Known To Be Human Carcinogen

**OSHA:** Crystalline Silica classified as a Category 1A Carcinogen

**Mutagenicity:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Developmental:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Fertility effects:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates  
Not available.

**Section 12.**

**Ecological Information**

Toxicity Not available.

**Persistence and**

**Degradability:** Not available.

**Bioaccumulative Potential:** Not available.

**Mobility in soil**

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>):** Not available

**Other adverse effects:** Most of the ingredients in this product are naturally occurring minerals, and, unless contaminated in service, are not hazardous to the environment.

<b>Section 13.</b>	<b>Disposal Considerations</b>
--------------------	--------------------------------

**Disposal methods:** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

<b>Section 14.</b>	<b>Transport Information</b>
--------------------	------------------------------

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN Number	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated

**Special precautions for user:**

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage

<b>Section 15.</b>	<b>Regulatory Information</b>
--------------------	-------------------------------

**U.S. Federal regulations**

**TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption:** Not applicable  
**United States inventory (TSCA 8b):** All components are listed.

**Clean Air Act Section 112**

**(b) Hazardous Air**

**Pollutants (HAPs):** Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602**

**Class I Substances:** Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602**

**Class II Substances:** Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals**

**(Precursor Chemicals):** Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals**

**(Essential Chemicals):** Not listed

**SARA 302/304**

**Composition/information on ingredients:** No components are listed.

**SARA 304 RQ:** Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312**

**Classification :**

	<b>Immediate (acute) Health Hazard</b>	<b>Delayed (chronic) Health Hazard</b>	<b>Fire Hazard</b>	<b>Reactivity Hazard</b>	<b>Sudden Release of Pressure</b>
	Yes	Yes	No	No	No

**State regulations**

**New York:** Crystalline Silica

**New Jersey:** Crystalline Silica

**Pennsylvania:** Crystalline Silica

**Massachusetts:** Crystalline Silica

**Rhode Island:** Crystalline Silica

**California Prop. 65:** This product contains the following substances known to the State of California to cause cancer: Crystalline silica

**International Lists**

**DSL (Canada)** All ingredients are listed, or exempt from inclusion, on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL).

**Canada inventory (WHMIS):** Listed. Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects. Very Toxic – Chronic.



This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

<b>Australia inventory (AICS):</b>	Not determined.
<b>China inventory (IECSC):</b>	Not determined.
<b>Japan inventory:</b>	Not determined.
<b>Korea inventory:</b>	Not determined.
<b>Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register):</b>	Not determined.
<b>New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):</b>	Not determined.
<b>Philippines inventory (PICCS):</b>	Not determined.
<b>Taiwan inventory (CSNN):</b>	Not determined.

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals:** Not listed  
**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals:** Not listed  
**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals:** Not listed

**DSCL (Europe):** R48/20: Harmful – Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.  
R36: Irritating to the eyes  
R39: Danger of serious irreversible side effects.  
R45: May cause cancer.

## Section 16.

## Other Information

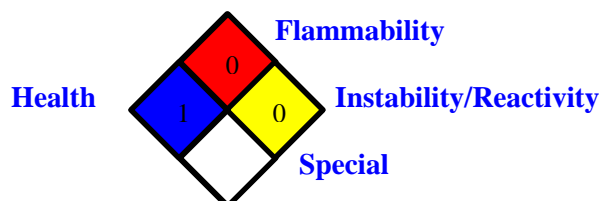
### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

<b>Health</b>	1
<b>Flammability</b>	0
<b>Physical Hazards</b>	0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

DISCLAIMER – BNZ Materials, Inc., (BNZ) believes the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) to be accurate and reliable as of the date of issue, and is provided in good faith as a service to our customers and to comply with applicable laws. This document is intended as a guide for the safe handling, storage, and use of this material under normal conditions of use. No representation, warranty, or guarantee, either express or implied, is intended or given. BNZ does not accept any liability for any loss, injury, or damage resulting from the use of this product.

#### History

<b>Date of issue/Date of revision:</b>	October 28, 2015
<b>Date of previous issue:</b>	June 1, 2015
<b>Version:</b>	4
<b>Changes:</b>	Update of hazard information
<b>Prepared by:</b>	T Square Associates, Inc. <a href="http://www.tsquare.us">www.tsquare.us</a>